

# Frieth C.E.C. School Curriculum Policy Statement

Date implemented : November 2014	1	
Member of staff responsible; SLT		
Governor responsible: Chair of Curr	riculum Group	
Headteacher's signature		
Chair of Governor's signature		<u>.</u>
Review date: Summer term 2015	signed:	date:
Review date:	signed:	date:
Review date:	signed:	date:
Review date:	signed:	date:

### Vision statement

"We are a close Christian community; nurturing, inspiring and celebrating all individuals. Through creative learning we encourage greatness by developing potential without limitations"

## Values:

These are the Christian Values that you believe are both taught and learnt in our school. To be:

Sharing and caring

Gentle and Kind

Honest and Truthful

Challenging and Responsible

### **Ethos**

" ..... a well-planned vibrant curriculum recognises that primary children relish learning independently and cooperatively; they love to be challenged and engaged in practical activities; they delight in the wealth of opportunities for understanding more about the world." Sir Jim Rose 2010.

This quote underpins the approach to planning, learning and teaching within this school. It forms the basis of the development of the school's 'Creative Curriculum'.

#### Aims

Our Creative Curriculum will:

- Reflect our core values
- Inspire a love of learning through enquiry, independence and invention
- Be child centred and create opportunities for child initiated learning
- Be inclusive of all pupils and take into account different learning styles
- Be relevant and memorable for all

### Curriculum development

Curriculum content, organisation and documentation is continually under review in order to fulfil the requirements in line with government policies, strategies, initiatives and best

practice. The coverage of the National Curriculum is organised within a four year rolling programme of whole school creative themes, taking into account the mixed age range nature of individual classes.

## Curriculum Objectives

We aim to.

- Challenge children, support them and help them develop enquiring minds so that they become lifelong learners.
- Give children opportunities to experience their own environment and the wider world both past and present.
- Encourage flexibility and 'creative thinking' in overcoming difficulties and developing new approaches through investigation.

Children will be provided with tasks and activities to encourage enjoyment, independence and interest in practical solutions to learning situations, with independence of thought and action as well as co-operating within a group. The tasks and activities provided will address the range of learning styles present in the school.

## Curriculum Organisation

The Frieth Creative Curriculum ensures the coverage of all the areas of learning from the new 2014 National Curriculum within a four year rolling programme of whole school themes. Speaking and Listening, Literacy, Numeracy and Information Technology are skills that run throughout the curriculum. Maths, English, Science and Religious Education are taught as core individual subjects, linked closely to the creative curriculum. PE and French, which is taught as the statutory modern Foreign Language in KS2, are taught as discrete foundation subjects. (The aims and values statements for the above areas are within the individual subject policies.) The following foundation subjects that complete the curriculum are taught within our Creative Curriculum: Art and Design; Computing; Design and Technology; Geography; History; Music. (The aims for these foundation subjects can be found in appendix 3 below)

## Curriculum Planning

Early Years Foundation Stage Profile, Key Stage One, Key Stage Two are three main stages that inform all curriculum planning within the school.

Curriculum planning happens as a whole school, within each Key Stage and in individual classes.

We have planned coverage of the curriculum through a range of cycles which address the needs of our mixed age range classes.

## Long term planning

The Long Term Planning ensures that all the programmes of study are covered within the four year programme for KS2 and covered twice within the four year programme for KS1.

## Medium term planning

Class teachers plan termly or half termly to identify learning objectives that link to the National Curriculum. Plans are held centrally by the Headteacher and follow a given format.

## Short term planning

Detailed weekly planning is in place for Literacy and Numeracy as well as detailed planning of all other subjects using a planning template agreed by SLT and staff. This is regularly monitored by members of the SLT and Headteacher. This enables children in each year group to have their curriculum entitlement. Individual teachers may organise other activities to support learning outcomes of the children in their class.

## Teaching Approaches

Teachers employ a range of teaching styles to suit the abilities and learning styles of each child across the curriculum. It may be appropriate to teach the whole class or work with a small group and with individual children. It is the differentiation of teaching inputs and learning outcomes that we consider vital to effective learning. Whole school curriculum and assessment procedures can be found in the relevant policy documents. In the R.E. curriculum policy document reference is made to multicultural issues, equal opportunities and gender equality.

#### Access and Entitlement

We believe that every learner is entitled to a full range of activities that gives access to the curriculum. We take account of unequal starting points and provide learning experiences that are planned to ensure breadth and depth, enabling progression through the school of every individual irrespective of gender, ethnic background, age or disability. We aim to empower learners through the curriculum to become confident in their abilities that will prepare them for a purposeful adult and working life.

## **Progression**

The links we foster between each class in the school and between this school and previous/next schools include:

- planned continuity found in the 2014 National Curriculum
- assessment files year group
- liaison with Nurseries and Pre Schools
- liaison with Secondary Schools.
- whole school planning and assessment
- liaison with local schools

Specific issues relating to the under five's Early Year profiling and home school links are found in the Early Years Foundation Stage policy.

## Staff Roles and Responsibilities

Each class teacher takes responsibility for planning of the curriculum for their class. Assessment is carried out by the staff member who has delivered the unit. Staff should indicate if they need help, so the appropriate support can be given by the subject leader or training can be arranged. The Assessment coordinator checks each class' assessment to ensure there is progress and continuity.

Staff have responsibility to an area of the School's Development. SLT have responsibility for Mathematics, English and Assessment across the whole school as well as supporting the SDP.

## Monitoring and Evaluating

Teachers meet regularly to ensure consistency and continuity of planning and assessment across the school. This is achieved by:

- Joint planning and moderation of children's work
- In addition to this further monitoring is conducted through focused classroom visits by a range of people including; advisers, SIA, SLT, Governors and Headteacher.
- Work scrutiny takes place in line with the SDP to share a particular success and ensure consistency and continuity across the school

At least one nominated Governor visits termly as agreed by the full Governing Body to observe and report on an area of school life or a specific subject. Core subjects have an attached Governor as do certain areas of the SDP.

#### Curriculum Hours

The school will follow current DfE recommendations for the teaching of each subject.

## Health and Safety

In all lessons:

- The children are reminded about safe practice to encourage a responsible attitude towards their own and others' safety and wellbeing.
- The pupils are taught how to use equipment and tools safely.

A regular time is given in staff meetings to discuss Health and Safety. All staff are aware of the relevant codes of practice for Health and Safety when teaching the primary curriculum, including the Buckinghamshire County Council Section 9.13 Music Code of Practice and Section 12.2: Code of Practice for Teachers of Science in Primary Schools. Teachers can also access Health and Safety advice from the following websites:

- http://www.hse.gov.uk/
- <a href="https://schoolsweb.buckscc.gov.uk/Schools/my\_school/\_hr/health\_and\_safety\_polici">https://schoolsweb.buckscc.gov.uk/Schools/my\_school/\_hr/health\_and\_safety\_polici</a> es.asp
- http://www.cleapss.org.uk/primary/primary-resources/primary-guides?start=10

## Related policies

Learning and teaching Assessment English
Mathematics
Science
French
Computing
Equal Opportunities

October 2016

# Appendix 1

# Creative Curriculum 2014 Rolling Programme

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year	Wheels	Pirates	Time
1			Detectives
Year	Shoes	The	Carnival
2		Quest	
Year	All the World a	Island	Masterchef
3	Stage	Hopping	
Year	Underground/Eco	Helping	Monsters
4	Warriors	Hands	

## Appendix 2

## Foundation Subject Aims

## Art and Design

## Purpose of study

Art, craft and design embody some of the highest forms of human creativity. A high-quality art and design education should engage, inspire and challenge pupils, equipping them with the knowledge and skills to experiment, invent and create their own works of art, craft and design. As pupils progress, they should be able to think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of art and design. They should also know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation.

#### Aims

The national curriculum for art and design aims to ensure that all pupils:

- produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences
- become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques
- evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
- know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.

## Computing

The 2014 National Curriculum for Computing aims to ensure that all pupils:

- can understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation
- can analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems
- can evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems
- are responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology.

In addition, at Frieth School we aim to ensure that all pupils:

- Are given opportunities to apply and develop their I.T. capability through the use of I.T. tools to support their learning in all core subjects.
- To start to use I.T. to develop their ideas and record their creative work.
- To be aware of I.T. both inside and outside the school environment.

Pupils should be given opportunities to support their work by being taught to:

- Find things out from a variety of sources, selecting and synthesising the information to meet their needs and developing an ability to question its accuracy, bias and plausibility.
- Develop their ideas using I.T. tools to amend and refine their work and enhance its quality and accuracy.

• Exchange and share information, both directly and through electronic media. Review, modify and evaluate their work, reflecting critically on its quality, as it progresses. (See Computing Policy)

## Design and Technology

## Purpose of study

Design and technology is an inspiring, rigorous and practical subject. Using creativity and imagination, pupils design and make products that solve real and relevant problems within a variety of contexts, considering their own and others' needs, wants and values. They acquire a broad range of subject knowledge and draw on disciplines such as mathematics, science, engineering, computing and art. Pupils learn how to take risks, becoming resourceful, innovative, enterprising and capable citizens. Through the evaluation of past and present design and technology, they develop a critical understanding of its impact on daily life and the wider world. High-quality design and technology education makes an essential contribution to the creativity, culture, wealth and well-being of the nation.

### Aims

The national curriculum for design and technology aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world
- build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users
- critique, evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others
- understand and apply the principles of nutrition and learn how to cook.

## Geography

## Purpose of study

A high-quality geography education should inspire in pupils a curiosity and fascination about the world and its people that will remain with them for the rest of their lives. Teaching should equip pupils with knowledge about diverse places, people, resources and natural and human environments, together with a deep understanding of the Earth's key physical and human processes. As pupils progress, their growing knowledge about the world should help them to deepen their understanding of the interaction between physical and human processes, and of the formation and use of landscapes and environments. Geographical knowledge, understanding and skills provide the frameworks and approaches that explain how the Earth's features at different scales are shaped, interconnected and change over time.

#### Aims

The national curriculum for geography aims to ensure that all pupils:

 develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places - both terrestrial and marine - including their defining physical and human characteristics and how these provide a geographical context for understanding the actions of processes

- understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time
- are competent in the geographical skills needed to:
  - collect, analyse and communicate with a range of data gathered through experiences of fieldwork that deepen their understanding of geographical processes
  - interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Geographical Information Systems (GIS)
  - communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length.

## History

## Purpose of study

A high-quality history education will help pupils gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. It should inspire pupils' curiosity to know more about the past. Teaching should equip pupils to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement. History helps pupils to understand the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time.

### Aims

The national curriculum for history aims to ensure that all pupils:

- know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological
  narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped
  this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world
- know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature
  of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic
  features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind
- gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'
- understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically-valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses
- understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed
- gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short- and long-term timescales.

#### Music

## Purpose of study

Music is a universal language that embodies one of the highest forms of creativity. A high quality music education should engage and inspire pupils to develop a love of music and their talent as musicians, and so increase their self-confidence, creativity and sense of achievement. As pupils progress, they should develop a critical engagement with music, allowing them to compose, and to listen with discrimination to the best in the musical canon.

#### Aims

The national curriculum for music aims to ensure that all pupils:

- perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians
- learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence
- understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations.

# Appendix 3

**Curriculum Coverage** 

	T	Currenam C				
KS1	Year A Wheels/Pirates/Time Detectives	Year B Shoes/Quest/Carnival(Game On)	Year C All the World a Stage/Space/Hot & Cold	Year D Underground(Eco Warriors)/ Helping Hands/Monsters		
English	Instructions Familiar Settings Significant Authors Rhyming and Patterns Stories from other cultures Narrative diaries Fairy tales Limericks  Recounts Significant Author Study	Fairy/Trad Tales Recounts Nursery Rhymes Significant Authors Study Non-Chronological Reports Instructions Labels & L.ists Tales from Other Cultures List poems (fantasy & Humour) Imaginary Settings Narrative Diaries	Letters Recounts Narratives/Stories Poetry Instructions Dictionaries Labels/Lists Information Texts	Letters Recounts Narratives/Stories Poetry Instructions Dictionaries Labels/Lists Information Texts		
	Animals/nature poems	Familiar Settings Poetry				
Science	Materials	Materials	Animals and Humans Seasonal Changes	Animals and Humans Seasonal Changes		
	Humans Body Parts &	Seasonal Changes	Materials	Materials		
	Health Plants	Forces Plants	Seasonal Changes Plants	Seasonal Changes Plants		
	Plants	Animals and humans - Habitats	Seasonal Changes	Seasonal Changes		
History From Year	Key Events Festivals	Changes within living memory	Significant Individuals	Significant Individuals		
C & D, each of the history topics will	Significant Individuals	Significant individuals and historical events Events beyond living memory	Key Festivals/events	Key Festivals/events		
be taught as they become relevant during the year.	Local Area	Key Events/Festivals	Significant historical events	Significant historical events		
Geography	Compass Directions &	Compass routes and	Compare Uk with another	Compare Uk with another		
	Routes	directions	country Compass Directions & Routes Weather & Climate	country Compass Directions & Routes Weather & Climate		
	Continents Oceans and UK	Weather & Climate	Compare Uk with another country Continents Oceans and UK Weather & Climate	Compare Uk with another country Continents Oceans and UK Weather & Climate		
	Local Area	Comparison UK & Brazil Continents, Oceans and seas	Compare Uk with area Local Area Weather & Climate	Compare Uk with another area Local Area Weather & Climate		
Computing	Connecting	Collecting	Communicating and collaborating Digital media E-Safety	Communicating and collaborating Digital media E-Safety		
	Communicating Collecting	Coding	Word Processing Multi media E safety	Word Processing Multi media E safety		
	Coding	Connecting & Communicating	Data Programming	Data Programming		

			E-Sa	fety	E-Sa	fety		
Music	Duration & Tempo	Performance	Performance		Performance			
	Pitch & Dynamics Singing		ing	Singing				
				Duration		Duration		
	Pitch & Dynamics	Timbre & Texture		ore & Texture	Timl	ore & Texture		
				po (Drumming)	Tem	po (Drumming)		
	Performance &	Duration & Tempo	Pitch & Dynamics		Pitch	Pitch & Dynamics		
	Instrumental	Instruments	Tune	ed percussion	Tune	Tuned percussion		
Art	Drawing	Drawing	Drav	ving	Drav	Drawing		
		Sculpture		Painting		Painting		
			Colla	Collage		Collage		
	Sculpture	Drawing	Drav	ving	Drav	ving		
	Collage	Painting	Pain	ting	Pain	ting		
			Scul	pture	Scul	pture		
	Drawing	Drawing/Painting &	Drav	ving	Drav	ving		
	Painting	Sculpture	Pain	ting	Pain	ting		
			Prin	ting	Prin	ting		
DT	Food	Textiles	Food	b	Food	d		
	Construction/mechanics	Construction	Con	struction/mechanics	Cons	Construction/mechanics		
	Textiles	Food	Text	iles	Textiles			
		Mechanics						
RE	Is Everybody Special?	Who should you follow?	Is Ev	erybody Special?	Who should you follow?			
	Should we celebrate	Should you wear symbols?	Sho	Should we celebrate Harvest		Should you wear symbols?		
	Harvest or Christmas? or Christmas?  How should people care Does everyone celebrate the How should people care for							
			should people care for	Does everyone celebrate the				
	for the World?	new year?	the World? Should Everyone Follow		new year? Is Easter important for the			
	Should Everyone Follow	Is Easter important for the						
	Jesus?	Church?	Jesu			Church?		
	Can Stories Change	Are some stories more		Stories Change People?	Are some stories more important than others? How should you spend the			
	People?	important than others?	Do v	ve need special places?				
	Do we need special	How should you spend the						
	places?	weekend?		T	wee	kend?		
PSHE	I trust I am Special	I trust I am Special		I trust I am Special		I trust I am Special		
	I hear I am special	I hear I am special		(New		(New		
				Beginnings/Getting on		Beginnings/Getting on		
				and falling out/Say no		and falling out/Say no		
				to bullying)		to bullying)		
				I hear I am special	4	I hear I am special		
	I hope I'm Special	I hope I'm Special		I hope I'm Special	1	I hope I'm Special		
	I Feel I'm Special	I Feel I'm Special	4	(Going for Goals/Good	<b>-</b>	(Going for Goals/Good		
			gse	to be me)	gse	to be me)		
			Minc	I Know	Jing	I Know		
	I Know	I Know	Growth Mindset	I Feel I'm Special	Growth Mindset	I Feel I'm Special		
	I think	I think	Ő.	(Changes/Relationships)	ό	(Changes/Relationships)		
	1		U I think		I think			

KS2	Year A	Year B	Year C	Year D
	Wheels/Pirates/Time	Shoes/Quest/Carnival(Game On)	All the World a	Underground(Eco
	Detectives		Stage/Island	Warriors)/ Helping
			Hopping/Masterchef	Hands/Monsters
English	Adventure	Instructions	Older Literature	Film Narrative
	Familiar Settings	Persuasive Texts	Poetry	(Hobbit)
	Shape Poems	Argument	Dramatic Conventions	Poetry
	Information Texts	Poetry – exploring form	Narrative	Narrative
	Mystery & Suspense	Classic Narrative Poetry	Fiction Genres	Poetry
	Plays Treasure Island	Explanations	Poetry	News Reports
	Biography	Extended Narrative	Narrative	Biography
	Recounts		Other Cultures	Autobiography

	Sea Poems				
	Historical significant	Autobiography	Plays	Myths & Legends	
	Authors Journalistic writing		Poetry	Imaginary Worlds	
	News reports	Poetry imagery/performance	Instructions	Plays	
Poetry – Historical		Other cultures narrative		Poetry	
	Diaries			Historical reports	
	Historical reports				
Science	Materials – States of	Living things and Habitats	Light	Materials Rocks	
	Matter	Evolution & Inheritance	Sound	Materials – propertie	
	Electricity	Materials – properties and	States of Matter	and changes of state	
		change		Earth & Space	
	Sound	Forces	Living things and Habitats	Animals Incl Humans	
	Light	Earth & Space	Electricity		
	Living things and habitats			Forces	
	Animals incl Humans	Animals incl humans	Animals incl Humans	Evolution &	
				Inheritance	
				Living things & their	
				Habitats	
History	Early civilisation	History of fashion	British theme since 1066	Bronze Age and Iron	
	Stone age to Iron Age			Age	
	Vikings V Anglo Saxons	Non-European society (Mayans)	The Romans	Local Area (WWII)	
	British Theme post 1066	Ancient Greece	Local History (Victorians)	Ancient Egyptians	
	Local History Study	Olympics			
Geography	Human geography	locational	Place Knowledge	Human Geography	
	Physical Geography	Geographical skills & Fieldwork	Physical Geography	Physical Geography	
	Local Studies	Place knowledge	Human Geography	Geographical Skills &	
				Fieldwork	
Computing	Communicating &	Communicating & Collaborating	Communicating &	Communicating &	
	Collaborating	Programming	Collaborating	Collaborating	
	Programming	E-Safety	Programming	Programming	
	E-Safety		E-Safety	E-Safety	
	Data	Data	Data	Data	
	Digital Media	Digital Media	Digital Media	Digital Media	
	E-Safety	E-Safety	E-Safety	E-Safety	
	Multimedia	Multimedia	Multimedia	Multimedia	
	Programming	Programming	Programming	Programming	
	E-Safety	E-Safety	E-Safety	E-Safety	
Music	Duration & Tempo	Timbre & Texture	Duration & Tempo	Timbre & Texture	
			Singing	Singing	
	Pitch & Dynamics	Performance	Timbre & Texture	Duration & Tempo	
	Timbre & Texture	Instrumental composition	Instrumental Composition	Instrumental	
				Composition	
	Performance	Pitch & Dynamics	Performance	Pitch & dynamics	
	Instrumental	Performance	Pitch & Dynamics	Performance	
Art	Great designers	Sculpture	Drawing	Drawing	
	Sculpture	Great Designers	Painting	Painting	
	Great Artists	Great Architects	Printing	Printing	
	Painting	Painting	Textiles	Textiles	
	Great Architects	Drawing	Collage	Collage	
	Drawing	Great Artists	3D	3D	
DT	Food	Slippers/Textiles	Structures	Food	
	Textiles	Construction	Electrical Systems	Textiles	
	Construction	mechanics	Food	Mechanics	
RE	Rites of Passage	Places of Worship	Symbolism	Traditions	
	Natural World	Ethics and Moral Issues	Sacred Texts	Pilgrimage	
	Worship	Festivals	Founders and Prophets	Community	
PSHE	I trust I am Special	I trust I am Special	I trust I am Special	I trust I am	
	I Hear I am Special	I Hear I am Special	I Hear I am Special	Special Special	
			ir i i i i i i i i i i jpcciai	L C DPCCIAI	

			Special
I hope I'm special	I hope I'm special	I hope I'm special	I hope I'm
I Feel I'm Special	I Feel I'm Special	I Feel I'm Special	special
			I Feel I'm
			Special
I Know	I Know	I Know	I Know
I Think	I Think	I Think	I Think